Problem 2. Dipping the frame in a soap solution, the soap forms a rectangle film of length b and height h. White light falls on the film at an angle α (measured with respect to the normal direction). The reflected light displays a green color of wavelength λ_0.

a) Find out if it is possible to determine the mass of the soap film using the laboratory scales which has calibration accuracy of 0.1 mg.

b) What color does the thinnest possible soap film display being seen from the perpendicular direction? Derive the related equations.

Constants and given data: relative refractive index $n = 1.33$, the wavelength of the reflected green light $\lambda_0 = 500$ nm, $\alpha = 30^{\circ}$, $b = 0.020$ m, $h = 0.030$ m, density $\varrho = 1000$ kg m^{-3}.